### **IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY Digital Repository**

Iowa State Research Farm Progress Reports

2010

# Northeast Research Farm Summary

Kenneth T. Pecinovsky Iowa State University, kennethp@iastate.edu

Follow this and additional works at: <a href="http://lib.dr.iastate.edu/farms\_reports">http://lib.dr.iastate.edu/farms\_reports</a>



Part of the Agricultural Science Commons, and the Agriculture Commons

#### Recommended Citation

Pecinovsky, Kenneth T., "Northeast Research Farm Summary" (2010). Iowa State Research Farm Progress Reports. 392. http://lib.dr.iastate.edu/farms\_reports/392

This report is brought to you for free and open access by Iowa State University Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in Iowa State Research Farm Progress Reports by an authorized administrator of Iowa State University Digital Repository. For more information, please contact digirep@iastate.edu.

## Northeast Research Farm Summary

#### Abstract

Includes:

Farm and Weather Summary

#### Keywords

RFR A9127

#### Disciplines

Agricultural Science | Agriculture

## **Northeast Research Farm Summary**

#### RFR-A9127

# Northeast Iowa Agricultural Experimental Association 2009–2010

#### **Executive Board of Directors**

President	Mark Mueller, Waverly
Vice President	Tom Smidt, Greene
Secretary	Fred Hall, New Hampton
Treasurer	Bill Lotz, Independence
Board Member	
Board Member	Dave Drape, Waverly
Board Member	Frank Moore, Cresco
Directors	
Allamakee	
Benton	Jim Zieser, Dean Williams
Black Hawk	
Bremer	Dave Drape, Mark Mueller
Buchanan	Steve Copenhaver, Laverne Lentz
Butler	
Cerro Gordo	David Newman, Rich Judge
Chickasaw	
Clayton	Ronald Sass, Glenda Plozay
Delaware	Chuck Kolbet, Duane Nieman
Fayette	Tim Hamlett, Chad Ingels
Floyd	Dennis Carney, Walt Armstrong
Franklin	Bruce Behn, Vic Wolf
Grundy	(vacant), (vacant)
Howard	Frank Moore, Steve Christensen
Jones	(vacant), (vacant)
Linn	Allan Mallie, John Kintzler
Mitchell	Dale McCarthy, Don Ahrens
Winneshiek	Dave Siefken, John Rodecap
Worth	Andy Hill, Ron Davidson
Research Farm Superintendent	
Research Farm Technician	Ralph White
Manager, Research and Demonstration Farms	Dannia Channan
wianager, Nescarcii and Demonstration Farins	32 Curtiss Hall, ISU
Coordinator Daggarah and Damanatration Forms	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Coordinator, Research and Demonstration Farms	32 Curtiss Hall, ISU
	32 Curuss Hall, 180

## **Farm and Weather Summary**

Ken Pecinovsky, farm superintendent

#### **Farm Comments**

Field days and tours. A total of 1,400 people attended 25 events at the research farm in 2009. These events included field days, tours, meetings, and the grand opening of the Borlaug Learning Center. Field days topics included plant growth issues related to the cool 2009 growing season, climate forecast for the remainder of the growing season, management of aphid insects, and a water quality research update. The grand opening of the Borlaug Learning Center involved a dedication ceremony and tours of the research projects conducted on the farm.

New projects. Evaluation of N requirements for crops grown with cover crops, J. Sawyer; Evaluation of phosphorus source/rates on low fertility soils, A. Mallarino; Evaluation of lime source/rates on low pH soils, A. Mallarino; Construction of a bioreactor for water quality studies, M. Helmers; and an asparagus variety trial; P. O'Malley. Expanded studies on fungicide use and aphid insects were also conducted.

#### **Crop Season Comments**

Field work began on April 1 with waterway construction and anhydrous nitrogen (N) applications. Seeding of oat/legume plots and the first planting dates of corn and soybeans occurred on April 2. A bioreactor of wood chips through a dissected tile drainage line was installed the week of April 6.

From April 15 through April 24, corn and soybean plot planting began, despite very cold, but dry conditions. The majority of the corn planting began April 15 and was finished May 18 due to numerous rain delays. Corn harvest began on October 26 and was completed December 6, (15 days later than 2008). Corn yields were above average due to

no drought or heat stress, despite two-week delays in pollination. Maximum corn yields in individual plots were 250 bushels/acre in both rotated and continuous corn studies, however. average yields were 195 and 175 bushels/acre on rotated and continuous corn acres, respectively. Corn grain moisture at harvest ranged from 18 to 35% (average 28%) due to differences in relative maturities of the varieties, below normal heat unit accumulation, killing frost prior to grain maturity in late-season varieties, and delayed emergence due to cool temperatures. Test weight of corn was reduced compared with previous years due to the October 10 killing frost that occurred prior to 70% of the corn reaching physiological maturity.

Soybean planting started on May 19 and was finished on May 25. Harvest began on September 29 and was completed November 8, (29 days later than 2008). Soybeans yielded up to 75 bushels/acre, with a farm average of 58 bushels/acre. The majority of soybeans were sprayed with an insecticide, the first week of August for control of aphids resulting in yield increases of 5 to 10 bushels/acre.

#### **Weather Comments**

Winter 2008–2009. The first measurable snowfall occurred October 26, 2008 and the last snow for the season was on April 5, 2009 with a total of 45.75 in. recorded (same as the previous winter). The 4-in. soil temperature remained below 50°F after November 7, 2008 and the topsoil froze on November 28, stopping any further tillage.

Spring 2009. The frost was out of the top 2 ft of soil after April 8 and the 4-in. average soil temperature remained above 50°F beginning May 3, the same as 2008 and two weeks later than 2007. There were 15 days in April when fertilizer injection, field cultivation, and planting/seeding were possible. The first

major planting delay occurred in the last week of April with 4.88 in. of rain. Severe erosion occurred in newly seeded and constructed waterways. Only four days of field work were possible in the first half of May due to persistent rainfall, followed by 10 days when field work was possible. The last 50% of planting occurred from May 18 through May 25.

Summer 2009. The crop season for 2009 was consistently below normal on heat units and below normal for rainfall. Since there was no heat stress the below normal rainfall had no adverse affect on grain yields. Corn maturity was an issue in late September, since crop development was lagging behind the longterm average. In 2008, a warm September helped mature the crop followed by a late freeze date (October 21). In September 2009, air temperatures remained below average, followed by a cold and wet October. Our first plant-killing freeze occurred October 10, with a recording of 25°F (6 days later than average). Sovbean aphid populations were high in 2009, but arrived later with populations similar to the past odd years of 2003, 2005, and 2007. Most soybean fields were sprayed in early August, contributing to the average to above average soybean yields.

A total of 2,307 heat units were recorded from May through September (289 heat units less than 2008 and 309 less than the past 15-year average).

Fall 2009. Soybean harvest started in late September, but with 15 days of rain in October and little sunshine, we did not finish soybeans until November 8. The majority of the soybeans were harvested at more than 15% moisture and were natural air dried in a bin on the farm. Sovbeans delivered to cooperatives were docked for excessive moisture (greater than 13%). Corn harvest was delayed because of high grain moisture due to the late maturity from below normal heat unit accumulation. Delays in grain drying also slowed harvest because of harvesting wetter corn than in the previous 10+ years. Because harvest was delayed, a small amount of fall N applications were made in mid-November with the ground freezing on December 6, stopping most tillage/fertilizing operations. Many acres of corn remain standing in fields this winter.

#### Acknowledgements

We thank the Northeast Iowa Agricultural Experimental Association, ISU researchers and extension staff, and agribusiness people for their support.

Table 1. Monthly rainfall and average temperatures during the 2009 growing season.

	Rainfall (in.)			Temperature (°F)*	
		Departure	No. days	Departure Growing I	Days
Month	NERF	from normal	of rain	NERF from normal degree days 9	$90^{0}F +$
April	5.27	+1.78	9	46.40 -0.90 127	0
May	5.22	+0.69	10	59.10 -0.67 325	0
June	3.63	-1.45	13	67.78 -0.72 525	3
July	3.70	-1.05	11	66.21 -5.83 511	0
August	3.75	-1.21	12	66.59 -3.18 531	1
September	2.07	-1.06	5	61.68 -0.33 415	0
October	6.37	+3.77	15	42.63 -6.74 60	0
November	0.62	-1.23	6	41.39 +6.86	0
Total	30.63	+0.23	81	1 <sup>st</sup> hard freeze-25°F (10/10/09)	4

<sup>\*179</sup> frost-free days

## **Research Farm Projects**

Research Project/Demonstration	Project Leader	
Alfalfa secondary and micronutrient study	B. Lang	
Asparagus variety trial	P. O'Malley	
Bt/non-Bt corn variety × fungicide study	ISU NERF	
Corn breeding research	K. Lamkey	
Corn hybrid evaluation in continuous corn environment (2 studies)	R. Elmore	
Corn planting date × corn maturities × foliar fungicide in different crop rotations	R. Elmore	
Corn planting population × variety × foliar fungicide study	ISU NERF	
Crop N rate × crop rotation study (0, 40, 80, 120, 160, 200, 240 lb N/acre)	J. Sawyer	
Crop N rate × crop rotation study (0, 80, 160, 240 lb N/acre)	A. Mallarino	
Crop rotation × fungicide × tillage × planting population study	ISU NERF	
Evaluation of corn rootworm insecticides and genetic seed traits in corn	A. Gassman	
Evaluation of cover crops and nitrogen rates on corn	J. Sawyer	
Evaluation of foliar fungicides, application timings, and seed	A. Robertson	
treatments on corn and soybean diseases	X.B Yang	
Evaluation of herbicides for equisetum weed control in road ditches	ISU NERF	
Evaluation of RR® soybean varieties and soybean fungicide	ISU NERF	
disease control		
Evaluation of soybean aphid and bean leaf beetle insecticides and seed treatments	E. Hodgson/M. O'Neal	
Evaluation of soybean aphid flight populations from a suction	E. Hodgson/M. O'Neal	
trap monitor	C	
Evaluation of soybean aphid tolerance on soybean variety study	E. Hodgson/M. O'Neal	
Evaluation of soybean aphids and insecticide application timing in	E. Hodgson/M. O'Neal	
2-row spacings	2	
Evaluation of water tables, tiling methods, and tile spacing distances	ISU NERF	
Evaluation of weed management strategies in corn and soybeans	M. Owen	
Grape cultivar evaluation study	P. Domoto	
Home demonstration garden/Strawberry variety trial	C. Haynes/P. O'Malley	
Hydrogeology water quality studies in the Devonian Aquifer and near tile drainage	B. Simpkins	
K rate × Bt Rootworm isoline comparison study (2 studies)	A. Mallarino	
Long-term P-K rate study	A. Mallarino	
Long-term tillage × crop rotation studies	M. Hanna/M. Al-Kaisi	
Pawpaw tree winter hardiness demonstration	P. O'Malley	
Phosphorus rate × P source study	A. Mallarino	
Rate of lime study	S. Henning	
Soil/plant root/soil water observation pit	ISU NERF	
Soybean insect and grape insect (grape berry moth and leaf roller)	ISU NERF	
monitoring		
Soybean planting date × growth stage monitoring study	P. Pedersen	

Research Project/Demonstration (continued)

Soybean planting date × variety maturity × insecticide/fungicide

Project Leader
ISU NERF

study

Soybean sentinel plot weekly monitoring for rust and other D. Mueller

leaf diseases

Transport of pathogens through macropores to subsurface Ag and Biosys drainage water Eng/OSU

R. Kanwar
Triticale/winter wheat/ rye variety trial
E. Heaton
Water quality from newly constructed bioreactor
Water quality study (cover crops, crop rotation, fertilizer
M. Helmers

source/application timing)

#### Acknowledgements

The following companies and individuals contributed to research or field day activities at the ISU Northeast Research and Demonstration Farm. Their support is greatly appreciated.

Agrigold Hybrids Glen Zubrod Agriliance, LLC Golden Harvest Seeds Asgrow Seed Company Great Plains Mfg. **BASF** Corporation John Fox **Bayer Crop Science** LG Seed Company C<sup>8</sup>MP Crop Consulting MBS Farms CDS-John Blue Company Monsanto Company Crows Hybrids National Soil Tilth Lab **Dekalb Genetics** NK Brand Syngenta Seeds Demco-Dethmers Mfg. Company **PCS** Fertilizer Dennis Weibke Pioneer Hi-Bred International Don Vetter Plainfield Welding and Repair Duane Lines Schneider Milling Inc. Floyd County ISU Extension Spraying Systems Company

Floyd County SWCD
FMC Corporation
Gandy Company
Syngenta Crop Protection
Syngenta NK Brand Seeds

The mention of firm names or trade products does not imply that they are endorsed over other firms or similar products not mentioned.

Northeast Research and Demonstration Farm 3321 290<sup>th</sup> Street Nashua, IA 50658

Take the Nashua exit off of Highway 27 (218), go 1.2 miles west on Highway B60, then one mile south on gravel (Windfall Ave.), and 0.2 mile east on 290<sup>th</sup> Street.

To schedule a tour, call 641-435-4864.

## **Experiments in Previous Annual Reports**

Corn Breeding	ISRF08-13
Effects of Long-term Tillage and Crop Rotation on Yield and Soil Carbon	ISRF08-13
Organic vs. Conventional Farming Systems	ISRF08-13
Effects of Crop Rotation and Nitrogen Fertilization for Corn on Yields of	
Corn, Silage Corn, Soybeans, and Oats	ISRF08-13
Sulfur Fertilizer Applications to Corn and Soybeans	ISRF08-13
Impact of Liquid Swine Manure Application and Cover Crops on	
Ground Water Quality	ISRF08-13
Water Table Level as Influenced by Rainfall, Crop Requirements, and Tiling Method	đ
During the past 6 years	ISRF08-13
Effectiveness of Foliar Fungicides and Timing on Hybrid Corn in Iowa, 2008	ISRF08-13
Corn Breakage (greensnap) in 2006 Related to Cropping System and Inputs	
Phosphorus and Potassium Placement Methods for Corn	
and Soybeans in Different Tillages	ISRF07-13
Corn and Soil Test Responses to By-Product Nitrogen Sources	ISRF07-13
Development of Methodologies to Reduce the DCAD	
of Hay for Transition Dairy Cows	ISRF07-13
Sulfur Deficiency in Northeast Iowa Alfalfa Production	ISRF06-13
Soybean Yield Influenced by Planting Date and Plant Population	
Effect of Four Tillage Systems and Two Crop Rotations on Placement of P and K	ISRF05-13
Influence of Polymer-coated Seed and Planting Dates on Corn	ISRF05-13
Evaluation of Hybrid Vigor between Different Alfalfa Varieties	ISRF05-13
NO3-N Concentrations in Shallow and Deep Groundwater Wells from 1991-2003	ISRF04-13
Runoff Phosphorus Loss as Affected by Tillage, Fertilizer, and Swine Manure	
Phosphorus Management in Corn-Soybean Production Systems	ISRF04-13
Legume Identity and Timing of Incorporation Effect on Soil Responses	
to Green Manure	ISRF03-13
Corn Row Spacing, Plant Density, and Maturity Effects	ISRF02-13
Excerpts from Keynote Address: ISU NE Research Farm	
Silver Anniversary Field Day	ISRF01-13
Twenty-Six Years of Soybean Planting Date Studies	ISRF01-13
Planting Date and Hybrid Maturity Effects on Corn Yield in Iowa	ISRF00-13
Emergence Characteristics of Several Annual Weeds	ISRF00-13
Stalk and Ear Diseases in Bt and Non-Bt Corn Hybrids in Northeast Iowa	ISRF00-13
Stand Reduction Effects on Corn Grown at High Population Densities	ISRF99-13
Row Width and Variety Effects on Soybean Yield	
Transport of Chemicals through Fractures in Pre-Illinoian Till	ISRF99-13
Adjusting Planting Dates to Manage Interactions between Transgenic Bt and	
NonBt Corn with Emphasis on the European Corn Borer and Natural Enemies	
Effect of Row Spacing and Tillage on Soybean Yield	
Management of White Mold by Tillage, Row Spacing, and Varieties	
Conversion of CRP to Corn and Soybeans	ISRF96-13
Hydrogeology and Water Quality Studies in the Devonian Aquifer	ISRF94-13